# A Clinical Audit on Referral Letters in a Primary Care Clinic

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### What is Clinical Audit?

• Audit is the process of critically and systematically assessing our own professional activities with a commitment to improving personal performance and, ultimately, the quality and/or cost-effectiveness of patient care (Fraser RC et al., 1998).

# Why audit on referral letters? (1)

 Referral letter- one of the commonest means of professional communication between family physicians and hospital specialists.

 Quality referral letter- serves to convey essential clinical information effectively and efficiently.

# Why audit on referral letters? (2)

- · Inadequate communication may:
  - impair diagnostic process
  - lead to duplication of investigations
  - poor continuity of care
  - polypharmacy.

## Objectives

- (1) To assess the content of referral letters issued from a Family Medicine Specialist Clinic (FMSC).
- (2) To identify potential areas for enhancement and to implement changes.
- (3) To achieve improvement in quality of referral letters.

# Methodology

 Ten audit criteria were adopted with reference to the recommended referral document of Scottish Intercollegiate Guidelines Network (SIGN).

• The proposed target was 90% performance in each criterion.

### Audit Criteria and Proposed Standard

	Audit Criteria	Standard
1	Referral Destination	90%
2	Presenting Problem	90%
3	History of Present Illness	90%
4	Physical Examination Findings	90%
5	Investigation Results (if any)	90%
6	Reason for Referral	90%
7	Past Medical History	90%
8	First Line Treatment (if any)	90%
9	Regular Medications (if any)	90%
10	Clinical Warning and Allergy (if any)	90%

### 1st Audit Phase

 All referral letters issued by the Clinic in October 2007 were included: 184

### 1st Audit Phase- Results

	Audit Criteria	Results
1	Referral Destination	99%
2	Presenting Problem	100%
3	History of Present Illness	84%
4	Physical Examination Findings	71%
5	Investigation Results (if any)	89%
6	Reason for Referral	24%
7	Past Medical History	84%
8	First Line Treatment (if any)	57%
9	Regular Medications (if any)	52%
10	Clinical Warning and Allergy (if any)	12%

### Reasons for Unmet Targets

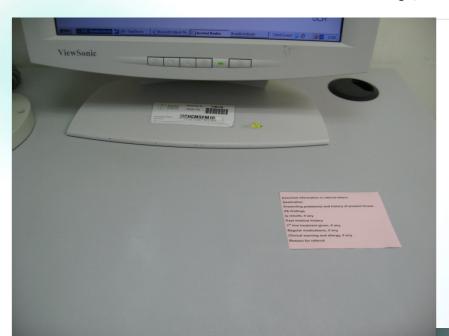
knowledge gaps

· time constraints

# Implement Changes

- · Interventions:
  - educational meeting
  - desk top reminder
  - referral letter template
  - personal feedback & discussion

### Reminder



Essential information in referral letters:

Destination

Presenting problem(s) and history of present illness

PE findings

Ix results, if any

Past medical history

1<sup>st</sup> line treatment given, if any

Regular medications, if any

Clinical warning and allergy, if any

Reason for referral

## Referral Letter Template

Dear COS,

Thank you for seeing the above-named patient.

Presenting problem(s) and history of present illness:

PE findings:

Ix results, if any: nil

Past medical history:

1st line treatment given, if any: nil

Regular medications, if any: nil

Clinical warning and allergy, if any: nil

Reason for referral:

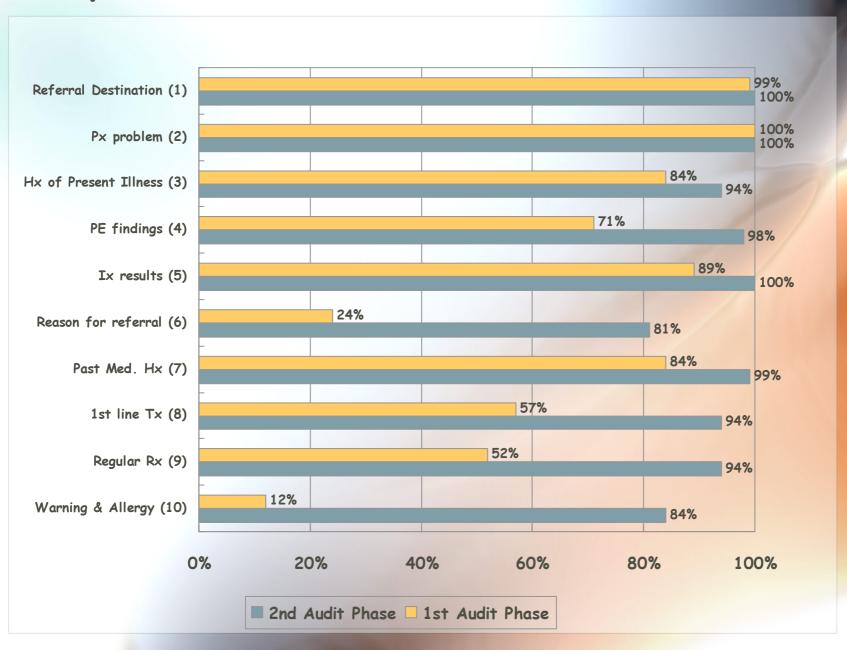
### 2nd Audit Phase

 All referral letters issued by the Clinic in January 2008 were included: 142

### 2nd Audit Phase- Results

	Audit Criteria	Results
1	Referral Destination	100%
2	Presenting Problem	100%
3	History of Present Illness	94%
4	Physical Examination Findings	98%
5	Investigation Results (if any)	100%
6	Reason for Referral	81%
7	Past Medical History	99%
8	First Line Treatment (if any)	94%
9	Regular Medications (if any)	94%
10	Clinical Warning and Allergy (if any)	84%

#### Comparison of 1st and 2nd Audit Phases



# Summary (1)

- Improvements in all criteria in the second audit phase.
- Eight criteria achieved the proposed targets:
  - · Referral destination 100%
  - · Presenting problem 100%
  - · History of present illness- 94%
  - Physical examination findings 98%
  - · Investigation results 100%
  - Past medical history- 99%
  - · First line treatment given- 94%
  - · Regular medications 94%

# Summary (2)

- Two criteria did not quite reach the proposed target levels but showed substantial improvements:
  - Reason for referral-81% (from 24%)
  - Clinical warning and allergy- 84% (from 12%)

## Conclusions (1)

 The audit exercise facilitated identification of areas for enhancements in writing referrals and ways to tackle the issue.

# Conclusions (2)

• Educational meeting, referral letter template, reminder, personal discussion about their difficulties in complying with the agreed actions were effective in making improvements.

#### What's Next?

- Even though satisfactory changes has been demonstrated, there is a tendency for subsequent performance to decline over time.
- In order to achieve continuing improvements/enhancements to service, clinical audit should be cyclical.
- · Re-audit in 6 12 months' time.

#### References

• Fraser RC et al. (1998). Evidencebased Audit in General Practice from Principle to Practice. 1st Edn. Oxford: Butterworth Heinemann.

• Report on a Recommended Referral Document. SIGN Publication no. 31, Nov., 1998.

